

North Carolina Residency Determination Service

Understanding the RDS Process

April 27, 2023

Gene Ritter

Residency Program Manager – SEAA

gritter@ncseaa.edu







Today's Topics

- History/Role of RDS
- Basic statutory requirements
- Special provisions
- Student online experience
- Helpful Hints for your students

 Understanding what RDS needs
- Q & A

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

Residency Determination Service (RDS) is operated by College Foundation, Inc. (CFI) under contract, authority and guidance of the North Carolina State Education Assistance Authority (SEAA)

The College Foundation of North Carolina (CFNC), a collaborative partnership, assists with informing students about RDS and other issues surrounding college access.



North Carolina State Education Assistance Authority



Eligibility for Subsidized In-State Tuition



✓ Each state sets its eligibility criteria

✓ Requirements are similar in most states

✓ In NC, statutes date back to the 1970s with few changes since that time.

✓ There are some provisions in law to allow for tuition exceptions in very specific situations.

Residency Determination Process

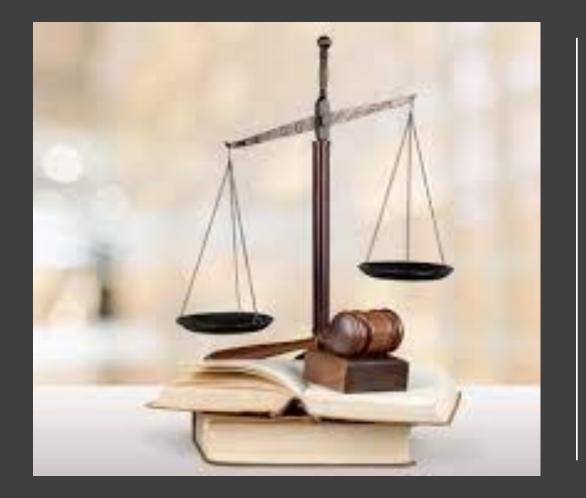


- NC has some of the lowest in-state tuition rates in the country, and there have been historic concerns about non-resident students seeking eligibility.
- In 2015, the legislature after reviewing issues and concerns, passed a bill to require that these determinations would be handled by one centralized process.
- ✓ NC State Education Assistance Authority (SEAA) is designated in statute to be the entity to establish and oversee the process.

Residency Determination Process



- Residency Determination Services (RDS) is operated by College Foundation, (CFI) under contract by SEAA.
- ✓ RDS is an online application process, utilizing electronic validation whenever possible.
- ✓ RDS System was developed in collaboration with UNC, NC Community Colleges, and NC Independent Colleges & Universities.
- ✓ RDS utilizes the existing laws and cannot change the legal requirements.



Basic Legal Requirements: Residency for Tuition Purposes

Basic Concepts – Residency Law



- Legal Capacity is required to establish a primary, permanent residence (domicile)
 - At least 18 and a US Citizen *or* hold eligible immigration status
- Domicile Must have the intent and take actions to establish that the residence in NC is their primary, permanent home.
- ✓ Duration Have established a domicile in NC and been present for a minimum of the past 12 months.
 - Merely residing in NC, even for more than 12 months is not sufficient; It must be a primary, permanent residence.



✓ **Domiciliary Acts** – Evidence that the person has

taken actions typically associated with establishing a permanent residence

- Some Examples:
 - o driver license / vehicle registration / NC State ID Card
 - voter registration
 - Claiming NC as primary residence on filed taxes
 - NC Medicaid recipient or other DHHS program participation
 - State of residence claimed on FAFSA

Basic Concepts – Residency Law



✓ Domicile of a parent or court-appointed legal guardian – is

presumed in law to be the student's domicile unless the student can prove their own domicile and independence, including financial independence. The dependent student does *not* have to be living with the parent or legal guardian.

 Preponderance of Evidence – When there are two or more states in the picture, RDS looks for a *preponderance of evidence* to point to NC as the permanent residence or domicile.

STUDENT EXPERIENCE USING THE RDS ONLINE SYSTEM



Special Provisions



There are several **special provisions** carved into law for students in certain circumstances that *RDS will screen for* including:

- Ward of the State
- Emancipated minor (by marriage or court-order)
- Orphans
- Split families
- Living long-term in NC with adult relative(s)
- Marrying a NC resident
- Military-affiliated families

Immigration Status of <u>Student</u> – Reviewed by RDS

 Permanent vs Temporary

 No evidence of an eligible status



Eligible Immigration Categories *Once <u>conferred</u>, eligible categories include:*

- Lawful Permanent Resident
- Refugee
- Asylee
- Temporary Protected Status (TPS)
- Eligible Non-Immigration Visas

What type of information is requested by RDS? for student or parent?





Information Needed to Complete FAFSA and Reside	ency Determination	n Service (RDS)
INFORMATION NEEDED	FAFSA	Residency (RDS)
Student's Personal Identifying information (SSN, ARN, USCIS, or ITIN)	YES	YES
Parent's Personal Identifying information (SSN, ARN, USCIS, or ITIN)	YES	YES
Student and/or Parent's Federal Tax information	YES	Potentially
Student and/or Parent's State Tax Information	NO	YES
Permanent Residence Information	YES	YES
Vehicle or Driver License Information	YES	YES
Military Information (if applicable)	YES	YES
US Citizenship and Immigration Services	NO	YES
(USCIS) Documentation (if applicable)		
Where Do I Go To Complete the Process	Fafsa.gov	ncresidency.org
What Information Should I Save	*FSA ID	**RCN
Is Residency Information Needed	YES	YES





Online RDS requests

- An Initial Consideration is the primary step student takes to request residency determination
- Students complete an online interview with skip logic
- Student receives a Residency Certification Number (RCN) to supply to any NC college and university to which they apply. Student retains this same number for future determinations





Online RDS requests

- Whenever possible, RDS validates the information provided electronically with state agencies.
- Only about 5 percent of students are required to submit documents for their Initial Consideration.
- A student may be requested to submit more information, or choose to, if the electronic process could not verify their residency and they need to return to RDS.



Online RDS requests

- The student's determination is downloaded by college campuses and is also sent to the State Grants System
- If the student believes the determination is not correct, they can request a *Reconsideration or Appeal*



Student Dashboard Status Summary

Your Residency Certification Number (RCN) is 1100212005 (Click to know more about RCN)

ARE YOU A NORTH CAROLINA RESIDENT ?	ARE YOU ELIGIBLE FOR IN- STATE TUITION ? YES	HAS MY INFORMATION BEEN VALIDATED ?	 RDS checks the information you provided in your online interview. You will be emailed if your in-state status changes due to this review. This page will update once this review is complete.
(Click to know more)	(Click to know more)	(Click to know more)	 You may continue to submit your admission application(s) or register for classes.

All of the Status pages have a "Reconsideration/Appeal" button.

Informational screens then direct you through the process of requesting a Reconsideration or Appeal.

Navigating the RDS System:

Homeless / Unaccompanied Students



Navigating the System - 1

- ✓ The easiest path would be for students to provide any information on a parent who is a resident in NC. The student does <u>NOT</u> have to be living with them.
- ✓ Even if the parent information is incomplete, this can serve as a foundation for RDS to do additional research on the parent.

Navigating the System - 2

- Students who indicate that they have a special housing situation are given a list of qualifiers, including McKinney-Vento criteria, and asked to answer yes or no if any of these apply to them.
- ✓ If the student answers "yes" to this question, then they do not get an immediate determination. Instead, it comes in for review by the RDS staff who will ask for more information about the situation and the parent(s).

Navigating the System - 3

There is a resource online on the RDS website for students experiencing homelessness to assist with navigating the system.

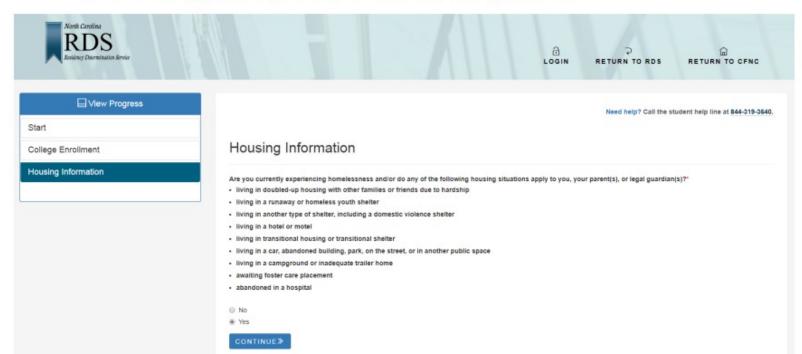


Students Experiencing Homelessness

This document is to assist counselors with students who may be in an alternate living situation and/or experiencing homelessness.

RDS Online Interview:

- 1. Once a student completes the college enrollment questions (i.e. are you currently enrolled/do you know when you want to enroll), the next section is housing.
- 2. A listing of McKinney Vento classifiers is immediately presented.
- 3. If the student selects "Yes" to the housing situations list, the student's interview is flagged as "experiencing homelessness/needing assistance". If the student selects "No", the student's interview is not flagged as "experiencing homelessness/needing assistance".









 Generally, a student will not be able to qualify as independent prior to the age of 19.







When qualifying based on parent

TIPS (2)

information, student does NOT have to be living with them.

• Even partial information about a parent can assist RDS for verification.







Unless RDS determines that the

TIPS (3)

student can qualify under a

special provision in law, parent

information must be used.







TIPS (4)

• Specific student situations vary

and RDS will request what is needed.

 An unofficial transcript might be helpful if it has name of parent(s)







TIPS (5)

• Generally, then, where a student

is living is not a consideration for RDS purposes.

OPTIONS – NEXT STEPS FOR A STUDENT WHO GETS A NON-RESIDENT CLASSIFICATION

- Submit a Reconsideration Request
- Submit an Appeal Request *(recommended here)
- Consider eligibility for a campus-based exception
- If applicable, submit a Level 2 Appeal to SEAA

Campus-Based Exceptions for UNC System



There are two specific provisions carved into law for the UNC System that are handled by the campus:

- Full-Scholarship Students
- Eligible Full-time permanent employees and their families

NC COMMUNITY CREATING SUCCESS

Campus-Based Exceptions for NCCCS There are several sector-specific provisions carved into law:

- US Citizens who are recent NC public high school graduates (good for 12 months from date of graduation).
- Business-Sponsored Students
- Business-and Military-Transferred Families (recent resident arrivals)
- Students Sponsored by a Non-Profit Entity (recent resident arrivals)
- Certain Non-US Citizen NC Public HS Graduates (lawfully admitted to US)
- Recent Arrivals with Refugee Status
- Non-citizen with pending application for Permanent Resident Status



By law, only RDS can give an In-State residency determination

Any *tuition exceptions* for a nonresident will not change residency status.

A student must have an *active* RDS determination on the first day of their enrollment in a program to be eligible for in-state tuition.

RDS Determinations

Top reasons students receive a non-resident determination on their first submission (ranked in order of frequency) Incorrect SSN and/or DOB

Skipping too many questions

Keying in other incorrect information

Student is not financially independent & declined to provide parent info

Living in NC less than 12 months

Failure to submit documents requested by RDS

Ineligible immigration status

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

•RDS Guidebook

• Rev. 1-2022 (public document)





- RDS Public Website : www.ncresidency.org
 - Provides general information and one way a student can access RDS system
 - General information about the process
 - A series of helpful Q & As
 - Helpful handouts on various specific topics
 - Provides a link to the official RDS Guidebook
- **RDS Call Center (Students):** 844.319.3640 (toll free)
- rdsinfo@ncresidency.org | M-Th 8-6; Fri 8-5. Extended hours in peak registration periods
- Dedicated Call Center that assists students with:
 - general questions
 - account/password resets
 - general guidance when a student fills out their application
 - review of status/next steps with student

Questions / Discussion



